ALLONE HEALTH FAMILY OF EAPS

INCREASING OUR OWN RESILIENCE

Thinking & Feeling:

- 1) **Emotion Focused Coping:** Distraction, Disclosure, Prayer, Eating, Drinking, Drugs, Journaling, Cognitive Reappraisal, Suppressing
- Some of these are less effective, poorer health outcomes, not a long-term solution
- BUT some of these strategies are a better choice if situation is OUT of your control
- 2) **Problem Focused Coping:** Targets cause of stress, Problem solving, Time management, obtaining instrumental social support
- Better as it may remove or reduce stressor, however NOT useful when you cannot control the situation
- 3) **Notice Your Feelings:** Use emotions for a productive purpose instead of letting your emotions use you
- Look at the whole picture and have empathy for the other person's experience
- Our emotions can teach us and naming them soothes us

Relating & Connecting:

- 1) **Turning Towards**': Accept bids for connection! It is money in your relationship bank account
- Pay attention to the little interactions, it can help your relationships stay, or become, positive. (Gottman, J., 1999)
- 2) Mirror neurons: wired to perceive others: Our moods can spread to others
- · Acknowledge others, does not have to mean agreement, we influence each other
- 3) **Being vulnerable & feeling grateful:** Allows more organic connection, and gratefulness can alter negative thought patterns
- Having empathy for those we are in relationship with is powerful (Brown, B. 2015)
- 4) Boundaries: Between and within
- Have clear boundaries between colleagues when there are dual roles within a community
- Self-critic pay attention to what you are telling yourself, the judgments you may be placing on yourself

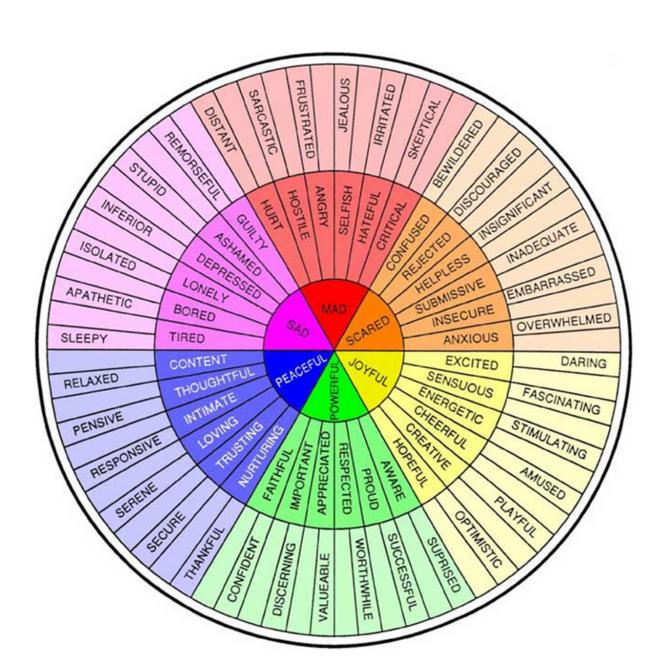
Noticing & Responding:

- 1) NOTICE the body you live in: We are often not aware of ourselves
- Square breathing, Calm App, tip of nose
- · Taste your food, focus on eating
- Pay attention to one body part, body scan

- 2) **NOTICE the world around you:** Being engaged in our surroundings can help get out of your own head
- Spend time in nature, from hunting, hiking, sitting on your front step
- Movement is a great way to combat stress, any type of movement
- 3) RESPOND to both of these: Calm, soothe, energize and connect
- To calm your mind and access logical thinking, calm the amygdala and don't flip your lid. (Siegal, D. & T. Paine Bryson, 2011)
- Mindfulness: Being present in this moment, 54321
- · Limit screen time....and social media

54321 Mindfulness

- Notice 5 things you can see. Say them silently to yourself.
- Notice 4 things you can hear. Say them silently to yourself.
- Notice 3 things you can feel. Say them silently to yourself.
- Notice 2 things you can smell. Say them silently to yourself.
- Notice 1 thing you can taste. Say it silently to yourself.



Additional Resources

Books:

- Wherever You Go There You Are by Jon Kabat-Zinn
- Calming Your Anxious Mind by Jeffrey Brantley
- Fully Present by Susan M. Smalley

Video:

• Mirror Neurons - Nova Science Now - http://youtu.be/0kx3bFZLgZo

Websites:

• http://marc.ucla.edu/mindful-meditations

Articles:

- Social Learning of Fear: Reducing Your Fear of the News https://www.takingcharge.csh.umn.edu/social-learning-fear-reducing-your-fear-news
- How Does Mindfulness Work? https://www.takingcharge.csh.umn.edu/explore-healing-practices/mindfulness/how-does-mindfulness-work

